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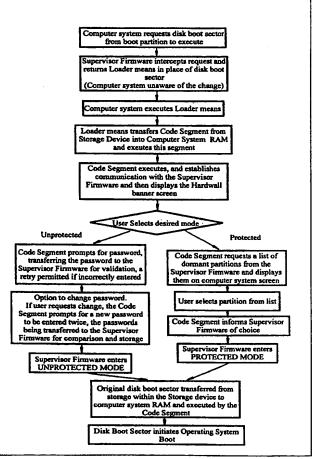
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#### (54) Title: PROTECTED STORAGE DEVICE FOR COMPUTER SYSTEM

#### (57) Abstract

The invention is a storage device (1) for a host computer system. The device (1) incorporates a Supervisor function for controlling access to information stored in a storage medium (2) of the device. The main embodiment described is a hard disk drive (1) comprising: one or more disk platters (2) for storing information; a ROM (4) for storing firmware for controlling operation of the drive; a volatile RAM (5); a micro-controller (7) for controlling the transfer of information to and from the disk platter(s) (2); and an interface (6) for interfacing the drive (1) with the host computer system and via which information is transferred to and from the disk platter(s) (2) under the control of the micro-controller (7). A Supervisor is provided in the form of firmware which is preferably stored in the ROM (4), the Supervisor operating the micro-controller (7) so as to protect information stored on the disk platter(s).



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#### PROTECTED STORAGE DEVICE FOR COMPUTER SYSTEM

The present invention relates to a method and apparatus for controlling access to and corruption of information in a 5 computer system.

US 5,657,473 discloses a method and apparatus particularly concerned with the detection and containment of hostile programs such as "virus" programs within computer systems,

- 10 said method including dividing the information stored on the storage medium into a plurality of non-overlapping partitions, including a boot partition and a plurality of general partitions, each of the partitions being further divided into a plurality of sectors, any designated subset of the general
- 15 partitions being active at any given time when the computer system is in use,
  - said invention employing a supervising means (a Supervisor) separate of the central processing unit (CPU)
- allowing/restricting/prohibiting read/write operations upon 20 the storage medium depending on whether information to be read from a sector or written to a sector is in the boot partition, or in a general partition, and whether the partition is active or inactive, and
- said supervising means also allowing a format operation only 25 on a partition which is active and prohibiting a format operation on the boot partition, or on a general partition if it is inactive.

The described invention preferably uses a second processor 30 which is made inaccessible to the user and to the virus, supervising all data transfers between and within subdivisions of the device or devices placed under its control.

The Patent Application describes, as an example, an embodiment 35 comprising a printed circuit board assembly containing a

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dedicated micro-controller, used in place of the hard disk controller within the computer system.

EP 0 800 135 A1 discloses a method and apparatus for 5 controlling access to and modification of information stored on a storage medium forming part of a computer system, said invention including by reference all aspects of the aforesaid invention of US 5,657,473, said invention designating at least one partition a Write Many 10 Recoverable (WMR) partition wherein, in use, if a write command is issued to overwrite any resident information stored in a/the WMR partition by updated information, the updated information is written on the storage medium in a location other than where any resident information is stored and a 15 pointer to the updated information is stored in a Sector Relocation Table (SRT) so that the updated information can be accessed, as required during the remainder of a (user) session. An alternative method is also described wherein, if a write command is issued to overwrite any resident information 20 stored in a/the WMR partition, prior to undertaking said write command said information is copied and stored elsewhere on the storage medium to be copied back to said WMR partition when

25

reset.

The application describes, as an example, an embodiment comprising a printed circuit board assembly (PCBA) containing a dedicated micro-controller placed in-line between the computer system hard disk drive controller (often embedded 30 within the computer system motherboard) and the hard disk drive.

required. This could be implemented, for example, by a system

The method and apparatus in the aforementioned inventions propose the use of a second processor separate from the 35 computer system central processing unit (CPU). Although the aforesaid inventions do not specifically limit their scope to

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combined hardware and firmware embodiments, both describe in detail embodiments which include a separate printed circuit board assembly, placed between the CPU and the storage medium. Such hardware embodiments have the following disadvantages:

- 5 Such hardware embodiments have an associated cost per unit, which results in a base cost for the invention which must be met irrespective of sales volume;
  - Such hardware embodiments must be installed within the computer system, generally requiring the computer system case
- Such hardware embodiments require safety and emission approvals and require a high level of testing to ensure compatibility across the wide spectrum of existing computer systems;

10 to be removed:

15 Such hardware embodiments are subject to a level of component failures.

It is the subject of the present invention to avoid or minimise one or more of the aforesaid disadvantages. This

- 20 document discloses a method (and related apparatus for) incorporating the methods outlined in both US 5,657,473 and EP 0 800 135 A1 into the storage device itself.
- Storage devices are frequently intelligent containing their
  25 own processor module, this being a potential candidate to
  undertake the functions of a Supervisor as described within
  the aforesaid inventions. This intelligent module controls the
  transfer of information to and from the storage medium via the
  interface to the computer system. According to the present
- 30 invention as defined herebelow, this intelligent module is used to allow/restrict/prohibit, read/write operations upon the storage medium in a manner consistent with the aforesaid inventions.
- 35 According to a first aspect of the invention we provide a storage device for a host computer system, the storage device

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comprising: storage means for storing information; intelligent means for controlling the transfer of information to and from the storage means; and interfacing means for interfacing the storage device with the host computer system and via which

- 5 information is transferred to and from the storage means under the control of said intelligent means,
  - the storage means comprising: a storage medium divided into a plurality of non-overlapping partitions; non-volatile read-only-memory (ROM) means for storing firmware for controlling
- 10 operation of the storage device; and volatile random-access-memory (RAM) means;

wherein supervising means is incorporated in said storage means for operating said intelligent means so as to protect information stored in the storage medium.

- The term "information" as used herein is intended to cover information, data and/or program code, any or all of which may be stored in the storage means.
- 20 The supervising means ("Supervisor") preferably protects the said information by controlling access to and modification thereof in accordance with pre-programmed protection criteria.

Incorporating the Supervisor within the storage device has the 25 following advantages:

- where an intelligent means is already present on the storage device, the methods outlined in the aforesaid inventions may be implemented with no hardware changes to the storage device; physical installation of a separate PCBA containing the
- 30 Supervisor is no longer required; Supervisor firmware may be included within the storage device during manufacture or may be added by means of a software utility;
  - since a separate PCBA is no longer required, manufacturing costs are significantly reduced by removing the requirement
- 35 for additional hardware components and no additional safety or

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emission testing is required over and above that required for the storage device without Supervisor firmware; by removing the requirement for additional circuitry external to the storage device, there is a reduction in the 5 compatibility issues that may arise from the diversity of computer systems and storage device combinations which are possible.

A further advantage is that by incorporating the Supervisor in 10 the storage device, rather than in additional hardware, this allows the Supervisor to be implemented in laptop, notebook and/or other small portable computers since there is no extra space required for such additional hardware.

15 In prior art systems in which the Supervisor was provided as additional hardware located between the storage device and the host CPU, one problem was that the computer system could potentially be tampered with so as to remove this additional hardware, in order to make the computer system operate as 20 normal, without the Supervisor. A further advantage of the present invention is that by incorporating the Supervisor within the storage device, the Supervisor cannot be removed without removing and/or tampering with the storage device itself.

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A further significant advantage of the present invention is that whereas in the prior art system the Supervisor hardware was located on the interface between the storage device and the host CPU, and therefore changes in this interface (e.g. an 30 increase or change in data flows across the interface) required reconfiguration and/or adjustment of data handling by the Supervisor, in the present invention the Supervisor is independent of such interface changes by virtue of being incorporated in the storage device itself. Interface changes 35 thus do not affect the Supervisor.

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The storage device may be a hard disk drive. The storage medium may comprise one or more disk platters. The supervising means is preferably provided as firmware which is stored in said non-volatile ROM on the storage device. It will be 5 appreciated that if an unauthorised user were to attempt to remove the Supervisor by removing the ROM, this will render the storage device inoperative.

The intelligent means preferably comprises a processor, often 10 referred to as a micro-controller, which runs the Supervisor firmware stored in the ROM means. Hard disk drives are now available which incorporate a printed circuit board assembly (PCBA) including a micro-controller for running programs stored in memory means provided on the PCBA. In such drives, 15 this processor means may conveniently function as the micro-controller for use in the present invention. The Supervisor firmware can be stored in non-volatile ROM provided on the PCBA.

20 Said non-overlapping partitions into which the storage medium is divided preferably include a boot partition and at least one general partition, each said partition being divided into a plurality of sectors. The storage medium may have a plurality of general partitions defined thereon, any 25 designated subset of which are active at any given time, in use of the computer system.

Preferably, the supervising means operates said intelligent means so as to allow/restrict/prohibit read/write operations 30 upon the storage medium depending upon whether information to be read from a sector or written to a sector is operating system information or user information, whether the sector is in the boot partition or in a general partition and whether if the partition is a general partition the partition is active 35 or inactive. The supervising means may also allow a format operation only on a general partition which is active and

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prohibit a format operation on the boot partition or on a general partition which is inactive. The supervising means preferably also monitors commands passing through the interfacing means between the storage device and the host computer system and prevents predetermined potentially disruptive interface commands from being implemented. For example, the supervising means may prevent disruptive Vendor Unique Commands or Format Track commands from being carried out.

10

It will be appreciated that the supervising means preferably also ensures that firmware stored on the ROM means of the storage device, which includes the firmware providing the supervisor means, is also protected in that a user, or a user 15 program operating in the host computer system, does not have access to the ROM means (or the RAM means) of the storage device itself and any firmware or other code stored therein is thus unalterable by the user or user program.

20 Optionally, the supervising means may cause a warning to be issued to the user should an attempt be made to perform a prohibited read, write or format operation.

At least one of said partitions of the storage device may
25 comprise a Write Many Recoverable (WMR) partition wherein, in
use, if a write command is issued to overwrite (i.e. update)
any information stored in the WMR partition the updated
information is stored elsewhere on the storage medium,
preferably in a dedicated area of the storage medium, and a
30 pointer to the updated information is provided so the updated
information can be accessed as required during the remainder
of the session, wherein a system reset causes the list of
pointers to the updated information, and optionally the
updated information itself, to be cleared.

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Where such a WMR partition is provided, the or each said WMR partition preferably has a Sector Relocation Table (SRT) associated therewith which is held in said volatile RAM means of the storage device, each entry in a said SRT is a pointer 5 which defines the address of a range of sectors in the WMR partition that have been updated and an address where the updated information is located, this location being within a dedicated area on the storage medium which is accessed only by the supervisor means.

10

Alternatively, at least one of said partitions of the storage device comprises a Write Many Recoverable (WMR) partition wherein, in use, if a write command is issued to overwrite (i.e. update) any information stored in a/the WMR partition 15 prior to undertaking said write command said information is copied and stored elsewhere on the storage medium to be copied back to said WMR partition when required. This could be implemented, for example, by a system reset.

- 20 Where the storage medium comprises at least one disk platter and a boot partition, said boot partition will include a disk boot sector. According to the present invention, the storage device may be provided with loader means and said supervising means may be adapted to intercept any request for the disk
- 25 boot sector, issued by the host computer system in use thereof, and supply said loader means to satisfy the request. The loader means is preferably configured to load or transfer a predetermined code segment, which is stored on the storage means, to a central processing unit (CPU) of the host computer
- 30 system to be executed by the computer system prior to (normal) operating system boot. This code segment may provide user prompts, and communication with the supervising means.

  The loader means is preferably provided in said non-volatile ROM of the storage device. Alternatively, said loader means 35 may be provided in a reserved area on the storage medium, for
- 35 may be provided in a reserved area on the storage medium, for example in one or more reserved tracks of a said disk platter

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of the storage device. This reserved area is preferably inaccessible to a user or user program (but is accessible to the Supervising means) whereby unauthorised alteration of the loader means is prevented.

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The code segment may be provided in said non-volatile ROM means of the storage device or, preferably, in a reserved area of the storage medium which is also preferably inaccessible to a user or user program, but is accessible to the Supervising 10 means, whereby unauthorised alteration of the code segment is prevented.

Optionally, the storage device may be placed in either "supervised" mode, in which the supervising means is active,

- 15 or "unsupervised" mode in which the supervising means is not active. Said code segment, when executed, preferably provides user prompts which allow a user to select either "supervised" mode, or by entry of a password select "unsupervised" mode. The code segment is preferably constructed such that,
- 20 subsequent to mode selection by the user, the code segment transfers and executes the boot program from the disk boot sector of the storage medium which, in turn, initiates operating system boot (in the host computer system) The correct password (for comparison against a password input by a 25 user) may be stored in said non-volatile ROM of the storage

According to a second aspect of the invention we provide a computer system incorporating a storage device according to

30 the above-described first aspect of the invention.

device or on the storage medium itself.

According to a third aspect of the invention we provide a method of controlling access to and modification of information stored on a storage medium of a storage device for 35 incorporation in a host computer system wherein the storage device comprises storage means for storing information,

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intelligent means for controlling the transfer of information to and from the storage means, and interfacing means for interfacing the storage device with the host computer system and via which information may be transferred to and from the storage means under the control of said intelligent means, and the storage means comprises: a storage medium; non-volatile read-only-memory (ROM) means for storing firmware for controlling operation of the storage device; and volatile random-access-memory (RAM) means;

- 10 the method comprising the steps of:
   dividing the storage medium into a plurality of non overlapping partitions including a boot partition and at least
   one general partition, and dividing each said partition into a
   plurality of sectors;
- 15 providing supervising means in said storage means for operating said intelligent means so as to protect information stored in the storage medium; and incorporating the storage device in a host computer system, and running the host computer system with the supervising 20 means operating said intelligent means so as to protect information stored in the storage medium.

Preferably said supervising means is provided for allowing/restricting/prohibiting read/write operations upon 25 the storage medium depending upon whether information to be read from a sector or written to a sector is operating system information or user information, whether the sector is in the boot partition or in a general partition and whether if the partition is a general partition the partition is active or 30 inactive,

said supervising means optionally also allowing a format operation only on a general partition which is active and prohibiting a format operation on the boot partition or on a general partition which is inactive,

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said supervising means being adapted to intercept each interface request from the host computer system to said storage device,

and the supervising means, preferably, causing a warning to be 5 issued to the user should an attempt be made to perform a prohibited read, write or format operation which operation is prevented by the supervising means;

providing a loader means, said supervising means being adapted to supply said loader means in response to any request, issued

- 10 by the host computer system, for the disk boot sector of the boot partition; and executing the loader means by the central processing unit (CPU) of the computer system in place of the requested disk boot sector, the loader sector transferring a code segment stored in the storage device, preferably in the
- 15 storage medium thereof, into a RAM of the CPU for execution thereon, the code segment, when executed, initiating a user interface procedure, preferably in the form of user prompts, whereby a user may select one or more protection options; and whereupon, subsequent to a said selection having been made
- 20 by the user, said code segment transfers the disk boot program stored in the disk boot sector as originally requested and, in turn, executes the disk boot program which then initiates operating system boot (in the host computer system).
- 25 Said selection of protection options preferably includes the option, by entering a predetermined password, of setting the storage device in "unsupervised mode" whereby interface requests are not intercepted by the supervising means. The selection may also include the option of setting the storage
- 30 device in "supervised" mode and further selecting one or more active partitions and/or of designating at least one of said partitions a Write Many Recoverable (WMR) partition wherein, in use, if a write command is issued to overwrite any resident information stored in a/the WMR partition by updated
- 35 information, the updated information is written on the storage medium in a location other than where any resident information

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is stored and a pointer to the updated information is provided so that the updated information can be accessed, as required during the remainder of a session.

- 5 The method may further include storing a Sector Relocation Table (SRT) which contains the pointers associated with each said WMR partition in the volatile RAM means of the storage device.
- 10 Alternatively, the method may include the option of designating at least one of said partitions a Write Many Recoverable (WMR) partition wherein, in use, if a write command is issued to overwrite (i.e. update) any information stored in a/the WMR partition prior to undertaking said write
- 15 command said information is copied and stored elsewhere on the storage medium to be copied back to said WMR partition when required. This could be implemented, for example, by a system reset.
- 20 Preferred embodiments of the invention will now be described by way of example only, and with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:-
  - Fig 1 is a schematic diagram of a hard disk drive according to one embodiment of the invention;
- 25 Fig. 2 is a flow chart illustrating a modified operating boot sequence implemented in the hard disk drive of Fig. 1.
  - Fig.1 shows a storage device in the form of a hard disk drive 1 for incorporating in a host computer system (not shown). The
- 30 drive is of conventional form having one or more disk platters 2 mounted on a spindle motor drive mechanism on a printed circuit board assembly (PCBA) 3 having a ROM chip 4 containing firmware for controlling operation of the drive, and a RAM chip 5. The drive has an interface connector 6 which enables
- 35 interfacing of the disk drive 1 to the host computer system, via which interface connector information, including user

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information, operating system information, data and other programs, is transferred to and from the disk platter(s) 2. The PCBA 3 has a micro-controller 7 provided thereon which runs the firmware contained in the ROM chip 4, accesses the 5 RAM chip 5 and controls the transfer of information, data and/or programs to and from the disk platter(s) via the interface.

The firmware in the ROM includes "Supervisor" firmware for 10 intercepting and validating each request to the hard disk (from the host computer system) in a manner previously described in US 5,657,473, the contents of which are therefore incorporated herein by reference. The operation of the disk drive beneficially also includes a method of controlling 15 access to and modification of information stored on the disk platter(s) of the drive utilising a Write Many Recoverable (WMR) partition (or partitions) as previously disclosed in EP 0 800 135 A1, the content of which is also therefore incorporated herein by reference.

20

Thus, the supervising means (Supervisor) forms part of the hard drive itself, separate of a central processing unit (CPU) of the host computer system and inaccessible to the user, the supervising means controlling access to information stored on 25 the disk platter(s).

According to the described embodiment, the disk drive operation provides a method giving the user the capability of selecting either an "unsupervised" or "unprotected" mode

30 through entry of a password, or selecting a "supervised" or "protected" mode with further selection of one or more active partitions. To do this, a loader means in the form of a "loader sector" is provided in the form of executable code stored in the non-volatile ROM chip 4, the loader sector

35 acting as a replacement for the disk boot sector of the active partition on the storage device, whereby each request (by the

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host computer system) for said disk boot sector is intercepted by the Supervisor and said loader sector is supplied to satisfy the request, the loader sector being executed by the CPU of the computer system in place of the requested disk boot 5 sector, said loader sector transferring a code segment (stored on a reserved track therefor on the disk platter(s) and referred to in further detail below) into RAM of the CPU of the host computer system for execution thereby; said code segment when executed, providing all required user 10 prompts and communication with the Supervisor required for entry into either "protected" or "unprotected" mode, such that, subsequent to mode selection, said code segment executes the original disk boot sector program which then initiates the process of operating system boot. This modified operating 15 system boot operation will now be explained in further detail with reference to Fig.2 of the drawings which is a flow chart illustrating this operating system boot sequence.

In the normal operation of a computer system, upon switch on 20 of the system (or a request to re-boot the system) the host system central processing unit (CPU) requests the disk boot sector from the boot partition of a disk platter of the hard drive. In the present invention, the Supervisor intercepts any request for the disk boot sector. Upon interception of the 25 disk boot sector request, the Supervisor returns the loader means (namely the "loader sector") stored in the ROM chip 4 in place of the disk boot sector. The host system will be unaware of this change having been made and will execute the loader sector which, in turn, transfers a code segment, stored in the 30 storage device, to a RAM in the host computer system. This code segment is stored in a track 8 on the disk platter (or one of the disk platters) which is reserved therefor. This track is accessible only to the Supervisor means, being a track which is outside the area of the disk platter accessible 35 to the host operating system.

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The code segment contains code, to be executed by the host system, which issues user prompts and which communicates with the Supervisor, in order to enable the user to set the system in the "protected" mode or "unprotected" mode, as will be 5 described herebelow.

Once the code segment has been transferred to the RAM of the host computer system it is executed thereby so as to, firstly, establish communication with the Supervisor, and then provide 10 a user display screen (known as the HARDWALL banner - HARDWALL is a registered trade mark of Vircon Limited) which permits the user to select a desired protection mode, namely either "protected" or "unprotected". If the user selects the "protected" mode the code segment then requests a list of 15 dormant partitions from the Supervisor and displays them on the screen of the computer system and prompts the user to select one or more partitions from the list. Once the user has selected one or more partitions the code segment informs the Supervisor of this choice. Prior to selecting a partition or 20 partitions, which then become active, the system will previously have been configured in terms of partitions and a level of protection associated with them. These may be established by means of a software utility. In general, there are three types of partition, namely general partitions, read-25 only partitions and WMR partitions. Typically, a read-only partition and a WMR partition are always available. At the start of a session, when a general partition (or partitions) is selected and made active it is granted full read/write access. The remaining general partitions then become dormant 30 whereby the Supervisor prevents their contents being accessed and hence protects them during that particular user session (which lasts until switch-off or re-boot of the computer system). Read-only partitions are granted read access only, all write commands being prohibited by the Supervisor. The 35 function and features of the Supervisor are disclosed and

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described in detail in US 5,657,473 (incorporated herein by reference) and will therefore not be repeated here.

In the preferred embodiment, at the stage of the process where 5 the user selects one or more active partitions, the executed code segment will make available to the user one or more partitions designated as Write-Many-Recoverable (WMR) partitions. If a write command is issued by the host system (e.g. by a user program) to overwrite any resident information 10 stored in that WMR partition, the updated information is stored elsewhere on the disk platter(s) in a dedicated area thereof, and a pointer to the updated information is kept (in the RAM chip 5 of the drive) so the updated information can be accessed as required during the remainder of the session, and 15 wherein a system reset causes the list of pointers to the updated information, and optionally also the updated information itself, to be cleared. Each WMR partition has a Sector Relocation Table (SRT) associated with it containing the pointers which define the address of a range of sectors in 20 the WMR partition which have been updated and an address where the updated information is located. This updated information is located in a dedicated area of the disk platter(s) which is accessible only to, and is protected by, the Supervisor. This may be achieved by the dedicated area being disposed in an 25 area of the disk platter(s) to which any access by the host system is denied by the Supervisor, the dedicated area in this manner being effectively "hidden" from the host system. Alternatively, the dedicated area could be disposed outside the physical area (namely tracks) of the disk platter(s) which 30 is accessible to the host operating system, in an area which is accessible only to the Supervisor. The SRT table(s) are stored in the RAM chip 5 of the disk drive 1. The details and implementation of the WMR technique are disclosed and described in detail in EP 0 800 135 A1, previously referred to 35 and incorporated herein by reference, and are therefore not described in any further detail herein. It will be appreciated

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that the WMR facility enables a user to write to the designated WMR partition(s) during a session on the computer system, but each time the computer system is re-booted all changes are erased so as to leave each WMR partition in its 5 original state. Typically, the boot partition will be chosen by the user to be designated a WMR partition.

In an alternative WMR technique, also described in EP 0 800 135 A1, if a partition is designated as WMR, in use, if a 10 write command is issued to overwrite (i.e. update) any information stored in a/the WMR partition prior to undertaking said write command said information is copied and stored elsewhere on the storage medium to be copied back to said WMR partition when required. This could be implemented, for 15 example, by a system reset. For the avoidance of doubt, the use of this alternative WMR is method is also intended to be within the scope of the present invention.

The RAM chip 5 is also used to store information regarding the 20 protection state attributed to each partition in the drive at any given time, for example which partitions are active and which are inactive, which are WMR partitions, which are read/write accessible, which are read-only, etc. This information, which can be referred to as a Permission Table, 25 is also stored in the RAM chip 5 of the disk drive 1.

Once the active partition(s) have been selected, and any WMR partitions, the code segment transfers the original disk boot sector stored in the disk drive to the host computer system 30 RAM for execution thereby, the executed disk boot sector initiating operating system boot in the host system.

If, at the stage where the user is prompted to select "protected" or "unprotected" mode (i.e. "supervised" or 35 "unsupervised"), the user selects "unprotected", the code segment prompts the user to enter a password. The password

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entered by the user is then transferred to the Supervisor firmware for validation thereby (by matching it against a correct password stored in the ROM chip 4 of the drive 1). A limited number of retries is permitted if the user enters an 5 incorrect password. Once a correct password has been entered and validated, the code segment provides the user with the option of requesting to change the password. If such a request is made, the code segment prompts for a new password to be entered twice, the two entered passwords then being

10 transferred to the Supervisor firmware for comparison and storage (in the ROM chip 4 of the drive). The Supervisor then enters the "unprotected" or "unsupervised" mode and the code segment proceeds to transfer the original disk boot sector to the host system RAM for execution thereby in order to initiate 15 operating system boot in the host system.

A more detailed description of the above-described embodiment is not given herein, as this would be within the normal understanding of a person skilled in the art.

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The embodiment of the present invention includes no physical electronic components that are not present in many commercially available hard disk drives. The invention requires only the following features in the disk drive in

25 order to implement the invention thereon:
 memory locations within the Read Only Memory (ROM) chip 4 to
 contain the firmware code to implement Supervisor
 functionality (the Supervisor firmware);

integration of the Supervisor firmware into the existing
30 control firmware of the hard disk drive, ensuring that no
interface request is serviced before the Supervisor firmware
has checked and validated the request;

memory locations with the embedded Random Access Memory (RAM)
5 of the hard disk drive to store the SRT and Permission Table
35 which are created and maintained during each session on the
computer system;

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memory locations within the ROM for the storage of the password for use in selecting supervised or unsupervised mode; memory locations within the ROM 4 for the storage of the loader sector;

- 5 sectors on the hard disk drive itself for storage of the code segment which is required to be passed to the computer system and executed during the initial power up and configuration process, said sectors being within one or more reserved tracks on the disk surface which are inaccessible to the host
- 10 computer system (and any user programs running therein) and accessible only to the Supervisor.

It should be noted that the Supervisor firmware is configured to prohibit any access to itself, or alteration to itself, by 15 user commands (issued by a user or user program) which attempt to read, corrupt or modify the Supervisor firmware.

It will be appreciated that, as an alternative to providing the invention in the drive at manufacture thereof, where a

- 20 hard drive having the necessary features outlined immediately above is provided, the invention could be implemented by loading the Supervisor firmware into the disk drive by means of a software utility program in order to obtain a disk drive which operates in accordance with the present invention.
- 25 Although the Supervisor firmware will preferably be loaded into the ROM of the drive, it is envisaged that some or all of the Supervisor firmware could be written onto the disk platter(s). In this latter case, any of the Supervisor firmware which is stored on the disk platter(s) will be
- 30 protected by the Supervisor itself so that a user or user program cannot gain read or write access thereto.

The embodiments of the present invention hereinbefore described are given by way of example only, and it will be 35 appreciated that various modifications thereto will be possible without departing from the scope of the invention. In

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particular, the invention is applicable not only to storage devices in the form of hard disk drives, but also to other types of storage device. For example, the Supervisor firmware could be incorporated in a solid state storage device, such as 5 a FLASH memory card. Also, the Supervisor firmware could be stored on an optical storage medium, such as a compact disc (CD) or digital video disk (DVD), for use in an optical storage device, e.g. CD or DVD drive. Equally, some or all of the Supervisor firmware could be stored in the ROM of a CD or 10 DVD drive.

#### -21-CLAIMS

A storage device (1) for a host computer system, the storage device comprising: storage means (2, 4, 5) for storing
 information; intelligent means (7) for controlling the transfer of information to and from the storage means; and interfacing means (6) for interfacing the storage device with the host computer system and via which information is transferred to and from the storage means under the control of

the storage means comprising: a storage medium (2) divided into a plurality of non-overlapping partitions; non-volatile read-only-memory (ROM) means (4) for storing firmware for controlling operation of the storage device; and volatile

10 said intelligent means,

15 random-access-memory (RAM) means (5);

- wherein supervising means is incorporated in said storage means for operating said intelligent means so as to protect information stored in the storage medium (2).
- 20 2. A storage device according to claim 1, wherein the supervising means is provided as firmware which is stored in said non-volatile ROM means (4) on the storage device (1).
- 3. A storage device according to claim 1 or claim 2, wherein 25 the intelligent means comprises a micro-controller (7) which runs the Supervisor firmware stored in the ROM means (4).
  - 4. A storage device according to any preceding claim, wherein said non-overlapping partitions into which the storage medium
- 30 (2) is divided include a boot partition and at least one general partition, each said partition being divided into a plurality of sectors.
- 5. A storage device according to any preceding claim, wherein 35 the supervising means operates said intelligent means (7) so as to allow/restrict/prohibit read/write operations upon the

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storage medium (2) depending upon whether information to be read from a sector or written to a sector is operating system information or user information, whether the sector is in the boot partition or in a general partition, and whether if the 5 partition is a general partition the partition is active or inactive.

6. A storage device according to claim 5, as dependent from claim 2, wherein the supervising means also ensures that 10 firmware stored on the ROM means (4) of the storage device (1), which includes the firmware providing the supervisor means, is also protected in that a user, or a user program operating in the host computer system, does not have access to the ROM means (4) of the storage device itself.

7. A storage device according to any preceding claim, wherein the supervising means is configured so as to cause a warning to be issued to the user should an attempt be made to perform

a prohibited read, write or format operation.

- 8. A storage device according to any preceding claim, wherein at least one of said partitions of the storage device (1) comprises a Write Many Recoverable (WMR) partition wherein, in use, if a write command is issued to overwrite any information
- 25 stored in the WMR partition the updated information is stored elsewhere on the storage medium (2), and a pointer to the updated information is provided so the updated information can be accessed as required during the remainder of the session, and wherein a system reset causes the pointer to the updated 30 information to be cleared.
- 9. A storage device according to claim 8, wherein the or each said WMR partition has a Sector Relocation Table (SRT) associated therewith which is held in said volatile RAM means 35 (5) of the storage device (1), and each entry in a said SRT is a pointer which defines the address of a range of sectors in

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the WMR partition that have been updated and an address where the updated information is located, this location being within a dedicated area on the storage medium (2) which is accessed only by the supervisor means.

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- 10. A storage device according to any of claims 1 to 7, wherein at least one of said partitions of the storage device (1) comprises a Write Many Recoverable (WMR) partition wherein, in use, if a write command is issued to overwrite any 10 information stored in said at least one WMR partition, prior to undertaking said write command said information is copied and stored elsewhere on the storage medium (2) to be copied back to said WMR partition when required.
- 15 11. A storage device according to any preceding claim, wherein the storage device (1) is provided with loader means and said supervising means is adapted to intercept any request for the disk boot sector, issued by the host computer system in use thereof, and supply said loader means to satisfy the request.

- 12. A storage device according to claim 11, wherein the loader means is configured to load or transfer a predetermined code segment, which is stored on the storage means (2), to a central processing unit (CPU) of the host computer system to 25 be executed by the computer system prior to operating system boot.
- 13. A storage device according to claim 12, wherein the loader means is provided in said non-volatile ROM means (4) of the 30 storage device (1).
- 14. A storage device according to claim 12, wherein said loader means is provided in a reserved area on the storage medium (2), which reserved area is inaccessible to a user or 35 user program.

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- 15. A storage device according to any of claims 12 to 14, wherein the code segment is provided in said non-volatile ROM means (4) of the storage device.
- 5 16. A storage device according to any of claims 12 to 14, wherein the code segment is provided in a reserved area of the storage medium (2) which is inaccessible to a user or user program, but is accessible to the supervising means, whereby unauthorised alteration of the code segment is prevented.

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17. A storage device according to any preceding claim, wherein the device may be placed in either "supervised" mode, in which the supervising means is active, or "unsupervised" mode in which the supervising means is not active.

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- 18. A storage device according to claim 17, wherein said code segment, when executed, provides user prompts which allow a user to select either "supervised" mode, or by entry of a password select "unsupervised" mode, and the code segment is
- 20 constructed such that, subsequent to mode selection by the user, the code segment transfers and executes the boot program from the disk boot sector of the storage medium (2) which, in turn, initiates operating system boot in the host computer system.
- 25 19. A storage device according to claim 12, wherein said storage device is a hard disk drive and the storage medium comprises at least one disk platter (2), and said loader means is provided in at least one in one reserved track of said at least one disk platter (2).

- 20. A storage device according to any of claims 1 to 18, wherein the storage device is a hard disk drive (1).
- 21. A storage device according to claim 20, wherein the 35 storage medium comprises at least one disk platter (2).

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22. A storage device according to any of claims 1 to 18, wherein the storage device is a solid state storage device.

- 23. A storage device according to any of claims 1 to 18, 5 wherein the storage device is an optical storage device.
  - 24. A computer system incorporating a storage (1) device according to any of claims 1 to 23.
- 10 25. A method of controlling access to and modification of information stored on a storage medium (2) of a storage device (1) for incorporation in a host computer system wherein the storage device comprises storage means (2, 4, 5) for storing information, intelligent means (7) for controlling the
- 15 transfer of information to and from the storage means, and interfacing means (6) for interfacing the storage device (1) with the host computer system and via which information may be transferred to and from the storage means under the control of said intelligent means, and the storage means comprises: a
- 20 storage medium (2); non-volatile read-only-memory (ROM) means (4) for storing firmware for controlling operation of the storage device; and volatile random-access-memory (RAM) means (5);

the method comprising the steps of:

25 dividing the storage medium (2) into a plurality of nonoverlapping partitions including a boot partition and at least one general partition, and dividing each said partition into a plurality of sectors;

providing supervising means in said storage means for

- 30 operating said intelligent means (7) so as to protect information stored in the storage medium (2); and incorporating the storage device in a host computer system, and running the host computer system with the supervising means operating said intelligent means so as to protect
- 35 information stored in the storage medium.

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26. A method according to claim 25, wherein said supervising means is provided for allowing/restricting/prohibiting read/write operations upon the storage medium (2) depending upon whether information to be read from a sector or written

- 5 to a sector is operating system information or user information, whether the sector is in the boot partition or in a general partition, and whether if the partition is a general partition the partition is active or inactive,
  - said supervising means being adapted to intercept each
- 10 interface request from the host computer system to said storage device (1);
  - providing a loader means, said supervising means being adapted to supply said loader means in response to any request, issued by the host computer system, for the disk boot sector of the
- 15 boot partition; and executing the loader means by the central processing unit (CPU) of the computer system in place of the requested disk boot sector, the loader sector transferring a code segment stored in the storage device (1) into a RAM of the CPU for execution thereon, the code segment, when
- 20 executed, initiating a user interface procedure whereby a user may select a protection option from a selection of protection options;
  - and whereupon, subsequent to a said selection having been made by the user, said code segment transfers the disk boot program
- 25 stored in the disk boot sector as originally requested and, in turn, executes the disk boot program which then initiates operating system boot in the host computer system.
- 27. A method according to claim 26, wherein said selection of 30 protection options includes the option, by entering a predetermined password, of setting the storage device in "unsupervised mode" whereby interface requests are not intercepted by the supervising means.
- 35 28. A method according to claim 27, wherein the selection also includes the option of setting the storage device (1) in

-27-

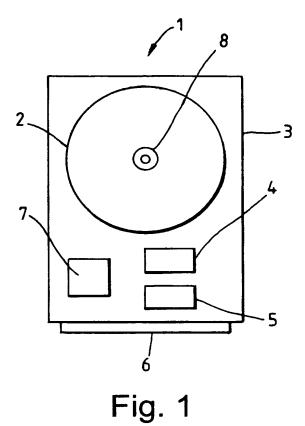
"supervised" mode and designating at least one of said partitions a Write Many Recoverable (WMR) partition wherein, in use, if a write command is issued to overwrite any resident information stored in said at least one WMR partition by 5 updated information, the updated information is written on the storage medium (2) in a location other than where any resident information is stored and a pointer to the updated information is provided so that the updated information can be accessed as required during the remainder of a session.

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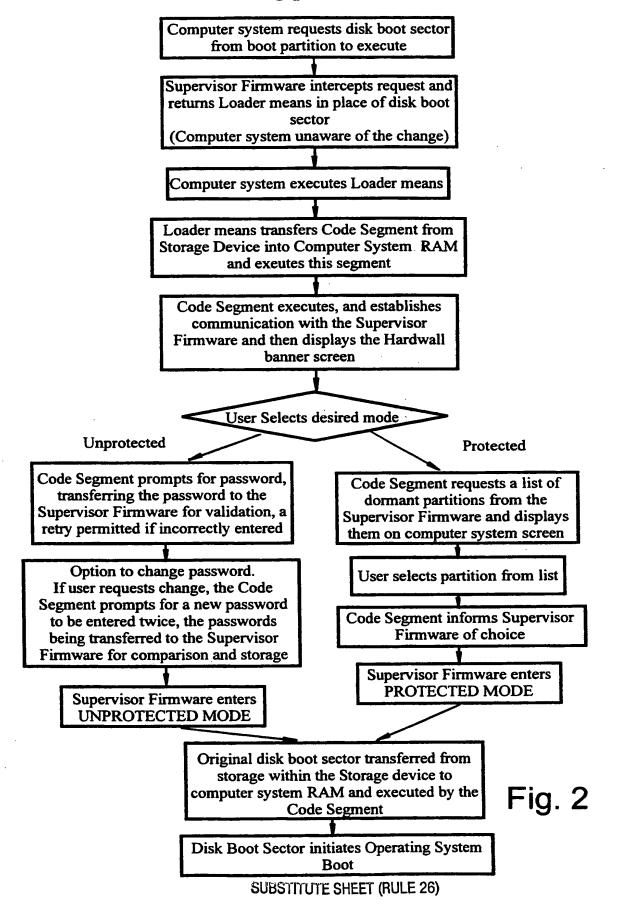
29. A method according to claim 28, further including storing a Sector Relocation Table (SRT) which contains the pointers associated with each said WMR partition in the volatile RAM means (5) of the storage device (1).

- 30. A method according to claim 27, further including the option of setting the storage device (1) in "supervised" mode and designating at least one of said partitions a Write Many Recoverable (WMR) partition wherein, in use, if a write
- 20 command is issued to overwrite any information stored said at least one WMR partition, prior to undertaking said write command said information is copied and stored elsewhere on the storage medium (2) to be copied back to said WMR partition when required.

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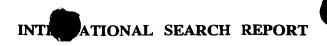
SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)





In ational Application No PCT/GB 99/01431

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IPC 6	FICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER G06F1/00		
	o International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classific	cation and IPC	
	SEARCHED  cumentation searched (classification system followed by classification)	ion symbols)	
IPC 6	G06F		
Documental	tion searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that	such documents are included in the fields se	earched
Electronic d	ata base consulted during the international search (name of data be	ase and, where practical search terms used	<u> </u>
C. DOCUM	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the re	levant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 5 586 301 A (FISHERMAN IGOR 17 December 1996 (1996-12-17)	ET AL)	2,4-6, 8-14,16, 17, 19-21, 24-26
	figures 1,2,7,9,11 column 3, line 31 - column 6, 1	ine 9	
Α	WO 91 13403 A (RODIME PLC) 5 September 1991 (1991-09-05)		1-7, 11-21, 24-28
	figure 1 page 5, line 3 - page 10, line	37	
Furt	her documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	Patent family members are listed	in annex.
° Special ca	ategories of cited documents :	"T" later document published after the inte	emational filing data
consid	ent defining the general state of the art which is not dered to be of particular relevance document but published on or after the international	or priority date and not in conflict with cited to understand the principle or th invention	the application but eory underlying the
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1	on or other special reason (as specified) sent referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or	cannot be considered to involve an in document is combined with one or me	ventive step when the
"P" docum	means ent published prior to the international filing date but han the priority date claimed	ments, such combination being obvio in the art.  "&" document member of the same patent	·
Date of the	actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international se	arch report
3	September 1999	10/09/1999	
Name and	mailing address of the ISA	Authorized officer	
	European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo ni, Fax: (⊹31-70) 340-3016	Weiss, P	



#### Information on patent family members

In ational Application No PCT/GB 99/01431

Patent document cited in search report	rt	Publication date		Patent family member(s)	Publication date
US 5586301	A	17-12-1996	AU CA EP WO US	4129796 A 2204860 A 0792484 A 9615486 A 5657470 A	06-06-1996 23-05-1996 03-09-1997 23-05-1996 12-08-1997
WO 9113403	A	05-09-1991	DE DE EP US	69110665 D 69110665 T 0516682 A 5657473 A	27-07-1995 14-03-1996 09-12-1992 12-08-1997

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-21-CLAIMS ART 34 AMOT 57

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PCT/GB99/01431

A storage device (1) for a host computer system, the storage device comprising: storage means (2, 4, 5) for storing
 information; intelligent means (7) for controlling the transfer of information to and from the storage means; and interfacing means (6) for interfacing the storage device with the host computer system and via which information is transferred to and from the storage means under the control of
 said intelligent means,

the storage means comprising: a storage medium (2) divided into a plurality of non-overlapping partitions; non-volatile read-only-memory (ROM) means (4) for storing firmware for controlling operation of the storage device; and volatile

- 15 random-access-memory (RAM) means (5);
  wherein supervising means is incorporated in said storage
  means for operating said intelligent means so as to protect
  information stored in the storage medium (2).
- 20 2. A storage device according to claim 1, wherein the supervising means is provided as firmware which is stored in said non-volatile ROM means (4) on the storage device (1).
- 3. A storage device according to claim 1 or claim 2, wherein 25 the intelligent means comprises a micro-controller (7) which runs the Supervisor firmware stored in the ROM means (4).
  - 4. A storage device according to any preceding claim, wherein said non-overlapping partitions into which the storage medium
- 30 (2) is divided include a boot partition and at least one general partition, each said partition being divided into a plurality of sectors.
- 5. A storage device according to any preceding claim, wherein 35 the supervising means operates said intelligent means (7) so as to allow/restrict/prohibit read/write operations upon the

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storage medium (2) depending upon whether information to be read from a sector or written to a sector is operating system information or user information, whether the sector is in the boot partition or in a general partition, and whether if the 5 partition is a general partition the partition is active or inactive.

6. A storage device according to claim 5, as dependent from claim 2, wherein the supervising means also ensures that 10 firmware stored on the ROM means (4) of the storage device (1), which includes the firmware providing the supervisor means, is also protected in that a user, or a user program operating in the host computer system, does not have access to the ROM means (4) of the storage device itself.

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7. A storage device according to any preceding claim, wherein the supervising means is configured so as to cause a warning to be issued to the user should an attempt be made to perform a prohibited read, write or format operation.

- 8. A storage device according to any preceding claim, wherein at least one of said partitions of the storage device (1) comprises a Write Many Recoverable (WMR) partition wherein, in use, if a write command is issued to overwrite any information 25 stored in the WMR partition the updated information is stored
- 25 stored in the WMR partition the updated information is stored elsewhere on the storage medium (2), and a pointer to the updated information is provided so the updated information can be accessed as required during the remainder of the session, and wherein a system reset causes the pointer to the updated 30 information to be cleared.
- A storage device according to claim 8, wherein the or each said WMR partition has a Sector Relocation Table (SRT) associated therewith which is held in said volatile RAM means
   (5) of the storage device (1), and each entry in a said SRT is a pointer which defines the address of a range of sectors in

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the WMR partition that have been updated and an address where the updated information is located, this location being within a dedicated area on the storage medium (2) which is accessed only by the supervisor means.

5

- 10. A storage device according to any of claims 1 to 7, wherein at least one of said partitions of the storage device (1) comprises a Write Many Recoverable (WMR) partition wherein, in use, if a write command is issued to overwrite any 10 information stored in said at least one WMR partition, prior to undertaking said write command said information is copied and stored elsewhere on the storage medium (2) to be copied
- 15 11. A storage device according to any preceding claim, wherein the storage device (1) is provided with loader means and said supervising means is adapted to intercept any request for the disk boot sector, issued by the host computer system in use thereof, and supply said loader means to satisfy the request.

back to said WMR partition when required.

- 12. A storage device according to claim 11, wherein the loader means is configured to load or transfer a predetermined code segment, which is stored on the storage means (2), to a central processing unit (CPU) of the host computer system to 25 be executed by the computer system prior to operating system boot.
- 13. A storage device according to claim 12, wherein the loader means is provided in said non-volatile ROM means (4) of the 30 storage device (1).
- 14. A storage device according to claim 12, wherein said loader means is provided in a reserved area on the storage medium (2), which reserved area is inaccessible to a user or 35 user program.

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- 15. A storage device according to any of claims 12 to 14, wherein the code segment is provided in said non-volatile ROM means (4) of the storage device.
- 5 16. A storage device according to any of claims 12 to 14, wherein the code segment is provided in a reserved area of the storage medium (2) which is inaccessible to a user or user program, but is accessible to the supervising means, whereby unauthorised alteration of the code segment is prevented.

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17. A storage device according to any preceding claim, wherein the device may be placed in either "supervised" mode, in which the supervising means is active, or "unsupervised" mode in which the supervising means is not active.

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- 18. A storage device according to claim 17, wherein said code segment, when executed, provides user prompts which allow a user to select either "supervised" mode, or by entry of a password select "unsupervised" mode, and the code segment is
- 20 constructed such that, subsequent to mode selection by the user, the code segment transfers and executes the boot program from the disk boot sector of the storage medium (2) which, in turn, initiates operating system boot in the host computer system.
- 25 19. A storage device according to claim 12, wherein said storage device is a hard disk drive and the storage medium comprises at least one disk platter (2), and said loader means is provided in at least one in one reserved track of said at least one disk platter (2).

**30** 

- 20. A storage device according to any of claims 1 to 18, wherein the storage device is a hard disk drive (1).
- 21. A storage device according to claim 20, wherein the 35 storage medium comprises at least one disk platter (2).

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- 22. A storage device according to any of claims 1 to 18, wherein the storage device is a solid state storage device.
- 23. A storage device according to any of claims 1 to 18, 5 wherein the storage device is an optical storage device.
  - 24. A computer system incorporating a storage (1) device according to any of claims 1 to 23.
- 10 25. A method of controlling access to and modification of information stored on a storage medium (2) of a storage device (1) for incorporation in a host computer system wherein the storage device comprises storage means (2, 4, 5) for storing information, intelligent means (7) for controlling the
- 15 transfer of information to and from the storage means, and interfacing means (6) for interfacing the storage device (1) with the host computer system and via which information may be transferred to and from the storage means under the control of said intelligent means, and the storage means comprises: a
- 20 storage medium (2); non-volatile read-only-memory (ROM) means (4) for storing firmware for controlling operation of the storage device; and volatile random-access-memory (RAM) means (5);

the method comprising the steps of:

35 information stored in the storage medium.

- 25 dividing the storage medium (2) into a plurality of nonoverlapping partitions including a boot partition and at least one general partition, and dividing each said partition into a plurality of sectors;
- providing supervising means in said storage means for 30 operating said intelligent means (7) so as to protect information stored in the storage medium (2); and incorporating the storage device in a host computer system, and running the host computer system with the supervising means operating said intelligent means so as to protect

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26. A method according to claim 25, wherein said supervising means is provided for allowing/restricting/prohibiting read/write operations upon the storage medium (2) depending upon whether information to be read from a sector or written 5 to a sector is operating system information or user information, whether the sector is in the boot partition or in a general partition, and whether if the partition is a general partition the partition is active or inactive,

said supervising means being adapted to intercept each 10 interface request from the host computer system to said

storage device (1);

providing a loader means, said supervising means being adapted to supply said loader means in response to any request, issued by the host computer system, for the disk boot sector of the

- 15 boot partition; and executing the loader means by the central processing unit (CPU) of the computer system in place of the requested disk boot sector, the loader sector transferring a code segment stored in the storage device (1) into a RAM of the CPU for execution thereon, the code segment, when
- 20 executed, initiating a user interface procedure whereby a user may select a protection option from a selection of protection options;

and whereupon, subsequent to a said selection having been made by the user, said code segment transfers the disk boot program 25 stored in the disk boot sector as originally requested and, in turn, executes the disk boot program which then initiates

- operating system boot in the host computer system.
- 27. A method according to claim 26, wherein said selection of 30 protection options includes the option, by entering a predetermined password, of setting the storage device in "unsupervised mode" whereby interface requests are not intercepted by the supervising means.
- 35 28. A method according to claim 27, wherein the selection also includes the option of setting the storage device (1) in

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"supervised" mode and designating at least one of said partitions a Write Many Recoverable (WMR) partition wherein, in use, if a write command is issued to overwrite any resident information stored in said at least one WMR partition by 5 updated information, the updated information is written on the storage medium (2) in a location other than where any resident information is stored and a pointer to the updated information is provided so that the updated information can be accessed as required during the remainder of a session.

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29. A method according to claim 28, further including storing a Sector Relocation Table (SRT) which contains the pointers associated with each said WMR partition in the volatile RAM means (5) of the storage device (1).

15

30. A method according to claim 27, further including the option of setting the storage device (1) in "supervised" mode and designating at least one of said partitions a Write Many Recoverable (WMR) partition wherein, in use, if a write 20 command is issued to overwrite any information stored said at least one WMR partition, prior to undertaking said write command said information is copied and stored elsewhere on the storage medium (2) to be copied back to said WMR partition when required.



## **PCT**

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

	(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)	ii - I Casrah Banort
	FOR FURTHER see Notification o	f Transmittal of International Search Report 20) as well as, where applicable, item 5 below.
pplicant's or agent's file reference	ACTION (Form PCT/ISA/2:	20) as well as, where appear
K/P09165PC	International filing date (day/month/year)	(Earliest) Priority Date (day/month/year)
nternational application No.		09/05/1998
	07/05/1999	09/03/1998
CT/GB 99/01431		
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/IRCON LIMITED et al.		
	Lauthic International Searching Au	thority and is transmitted to the applicant
This International Search Report has bee according to Article 18. A copy is being t	en prepared by this International Searching Au ransmitted to the International Bureau.	
according to Article 18. A copy is being		
This International Search Report consist	s of a total of sheets.	in report
This International Search Report Companied by the It is also accompanied by	is of a total of by a copy of each prior art document cited in th	is report.
		<u> </u>
1. Basis of the report	ne international search was carried out on the t unless otherwise indicated under this item.	pasis of the international application in the
a. With regard to the language, the	ne international search was carried out on the supplemental and the search was carried out on the supplemental and the search was carried out on the supplemental and the search was carried out on the supplemental and th	
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Authority (Hule 23.1(b)	and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the	e international application, the international search
b. With regard to any <b>nucleotide</b> was carried out on the basis of	the sequence listing:	
— the intern	ational application in white	form.
filed together with the	international application in computer readable	
furnished subsequent	y to this Authority in written form.	
furnished subsequent	y to this Authority in computer readble form.	ng does not go beyond the disclosure in the
H	subsequently furnished written sequence notifi-	lighting has hee
international application	information recorded in computer readable fo	orm is identical to the written sequence listing has bee
the statement that the furnished	, Hilomiaaa	
1	hable (See Boy I)	
2. Certain claims were	found unsearchable (See Box I).	
3. Unity of invention is	s lacking (see Box II).	
4. With regard to the title,		
the text is approved	as submitted by the applicant.	
the text has been es	stablished by this Authority to read as follows:	•
5. With regard to the abstract,	as submitted by the applicant.	is Roy III. The applicant may.
the text is approved	established, according to Rule 38.2(b), by this A	Authority as it appears in Box III. The applicant may, irch report, submit comments to this Authority.
within one monum	Officio della	Authority as it appears in Box III. The apphority irch report, submit comments to this Authority.
6. The figure of the drawings to I	pe published with the abstract is Figure No.	None of the figures.
0. 1110 ng	ne applicant.	
as suggested by the	• •	
as suggested by the because the application	cant failed to suggest a figure.  e better characterizes the invention.	

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A. CLASS	FICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER G06F1/00			
1100	400117,00			
According t	to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classific	cation and IPC		
	SEARCHED			
IPC 6	ocumentation searched (classification system followed by classificat G06F	ion symbols)		
Documenta	ation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that	such documents are included in the fields	searched	
Electronic	data base consulted during the international search (name of data be	ase and where practical search terms use	od)	
Liectionic	Jack Dase Consulted during the International Search (haire of data be	ase and, where practical, search terms use	id)	
ļ	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the re	levant passages	Relevant to claim No.	
Х	US 5 586 301 A (FISHERMAN IGOR	ET AL)	2,4-6,	
	17 December 1996 (1996-12-17)		8-14,16, 17,	
			19-21,	
	figures 1,2,7,9,11		24-26	
	column 3, line 31 - column 6, 1	ine 9		
Α	WO 91 13403 A (RODIME PLC)		1-7,	
	5 September 1991 (1991-09-05)		11-21, 24-28	
	figure 1 page 5, line 3 - page 10, line	37		
	page 3, 1111c 3 page 10, 1111c 1	<i>57</i>		
	·			
Furt	her documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	X Patent family members are listed	d in annex.	
	ategories of cited documents :	"T" later document published after the into or priority date and not in conflict with	emational filing date	
"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance  "E" earlier document but published on or after the international "Y" document of particular relevance invention  "Y" document of particular relevance invention  "Y" document of particular relevance the document but published on or after the international "Y" document of particular relevance; the document but published on or after the international "Y" document of particular relevance; the document but published on or after the international "Y" document of particular relevance invention."				
filing of "L" docume	date ent which may throw doubts on priority_claim(s) or	"X" document of particular relevance; the cannot be considered novel or cannot involve an inventive step when the d	ot be considered to	
which citatio	is cited to establish the publication date of another n or other special reason (as specified)	"Y" document of particular relevance; the cannot be considered to involve an in	nventive step when the	
other	ent referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or means ent published prior to the international filing date but	document is combined with one or ments, such combination being obvious in the art.		
later ti	han the priority date claimed	"&" document member of the same paten		
Date of the	actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international se	эагси героп	
3	September 1999	10/09/1999		

Authorized officer

Weiss, P

Name and mailing address of the ISA

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

## ERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

information on patent family members

International Application No PCT/GB 99/01431

Patent document cited in search repor	t	Publication date		Patent family member(s)	Publication date
US 5586301	A	17-12-1996	AU CA EP WO US	4129796 A 2204860 A 0792484 A 9615486 A 5657470 A	06-06-1996 23-05-1996 03-09-1997 23-05-1996 12-08-1997
WO 9113403	Α	05-09-1991	DE DE EP US	69110665 D 69110665 T 0516682 A 5657473 A	27-07-1995 14-03-1996 09-12-1992 12-08-1997

# PATENT COOPERATION TREATY PTEMOT Rec'd Z7 NOV 2000 PCT

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

• •	-	nt's file reference	FOR EURTHER ACTION		ation of Transmittal of International
SK/LD/P	916	5PC	FOR FURTHER ACTION	Preliminary	r Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
nternationa	l appli	cation No.	International filing date (day/month	/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)
PCT/GB9	9/01	431	07/05/1999		09/05/1998
nternationa G06F1/00		nt Classification (IPC) or n	ational classification and IPC		
Applicant					
VIRCON	LIMI	TED et al.			
			mination report has been prepared according to Article 36.	by this Inte	ernational Preliminary Examining Authority
2. This F	REPO	RT consists of a total o	of 4 sheets, including this cover st	neet.	
bı (s	een a ee R	mended and are the ba	asis for this report and/or sheets c 607 of the Administrative Instruction	ontaining re	n, claims and/or drawings which have ectifications made before this Authority ne PCT).
. This r	_	contains indications re	lating to the following items:		
11		Priority			
111		Non-establishment of	opinion with regard to novelty, inv	entive step	and industrial applicability
IV		Lack of unity of invent			
٧	×		under Article 35(2) with regard to a tions suporting such statement	novelty, inv	entive step or industrial applicability;
VI		Certain documents c	•		
VII	$\boxtimes$	Certain defects in the	international application		
VIII		Certain observations	on the international application		
Date of sub	missio	on of the demand	Date of	completion of	f this report
		on of the demand	Date of 31.08.20		f this report
06/11/19 Name and (	99 mailing	on of the demand g address of the internation ning authority:	31.08.20		f this report

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/GB99/01431

I.	Basi	is of	f the	re	port
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1. This report has been drawn on the basis of (substitute sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to the report since they do not contain amendments.):

	the report since they do not contain amendments.):						
	Description, pages:						
	1-20	)	as originally filed				
	Cla	ims, No.:					
	1-28	3	with telefax of	22/05/2000			
	Dra	wings, sheets:					
	1/2,	2/2	as originally filed				
2.	The	amendments have	e resulted in the cancellation of:				
		the description,	pages:				
		the claims,	Nos.:				
		the drawings,	sheets:				
3.			een established as if (some of) tl beyond the disclosure as filed (F	ne amendments had not been made, since they have been Rule 70.2(c)):			
4.	Ado	litional observation	s, if necessary:				

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY **EXAMINATION REPORT**

International application No. PCT/GB99/01431

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

### 1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes:

Claims 1-28

No: Claims

Inventive step (IS)

Yes:

Claims 1-28

No: Yes:

No:

Claims

Industrial applicability (IA)

Claims 1-28 Claims -

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

VII. Certain defects in the international application

The following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted:

see separate sheet

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY InterEXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

International application No. PCT/GB99/01431

## **ANNEX TO SECTION VII**

Independent claims are not drafted in the two-part form as required by Rule 6.3(b)
 PCT.

## **PATENT COOPERATION TREATY**

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(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

Applicant's or agent's file reference	1.	See Notification of Transmittal of International				
SK/LD/P09165PC	FOR FURTHER ACTION	Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)				
International application No.	International filing date (day/monti	n/year) Priority date (day/month/year)				
PCT/GB99/01431	07/05/1999	09/05/1998				
International Patent Classification (IPC) or G06F1/00	national classification and IPC					
Applicant						
VIRCON LIMITED et al.						
This international preliminary exa and is transmitted to the applican	•	d by this International Preliminary Examining Authority				
2. This REPORT consists of a total	of 4 sheets, including this cover s	heet.				
been amended and are the b (see Rule 70.16 and Section	This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT). These annexes consist of a total of 8 sheets.					
3. This report contains indications re	elating to the following items:					
l ⊠ Basis of the report						
II □ Priority III □ Non-establishment of		continue at an and industrial applicability				
III □ Non-establishment of IV □ Lack of unity of inven		ventive step and industrial applicability				
V 🖾 Reasoned statement		novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;				
VI □ Certain documents o	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
VII 🖾 Certain defects in the	international application					
VIII 🛘 Certain observations	on the international application					
Date of submission of the demand	Date of	completion of this report				
06/11/1999	31.08.2	000				
Name and mailing address of the internatio	nal Authoriz	zed officer				
preliminary examining authority: European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 5236 Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465	556 epmu d	e Maele, L				

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/GB99/01431

### I. Basis of the report

1. This report has been drawn on the basis of (substitute sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to the report since they do not contain amendments.):

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	Des	scription, pages:		
	1-2	0	as originally filed	
	Cla	ims, No.:		
	1-2	8	with telefax of	22/05/2000
	Dra	wings, sheets:		
	1/2,	2/2	as originally filed	
2.	The	amendments have	e resulted in the cancellation of:	
		the description,	pages:	
		the claims,	Nos.:	
		the drawings,	sheets:	
3.			een established as if (some of) t beyond the disclosure as filed (	he amendments had not been made, since they have been Rule 70.2(c)):
			.,	
4.	Add	ditional observation	is, it necessary:	

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/GB99/01431

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes:

Claims 1-28

No: Claims

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: No: Claims 1-28 Claims

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes:

Claims 1-28

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

VII. Certain defects in the international application

The following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted:

see separate sheet

International application No. PCT/GB99/01431

**EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET** 

### **ANNEX TO SECTION VII**

Independent claims are not drafted in the two-part form as required by Rule 6.3(b) PCT.

10 said intelligent means,

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### -21-CLAIMS

- A storage device (1) for a host computer system, the storage device comprising: storage means (2, 4, 5) for storing
   information; intelligent means (7) for controlling the transfer of information to and from the storage means; and interfacing means (6) for interfacing the storage device with the host computer system and via which information is transferred to and from the storage means under the control of
- the storage means comprising: a storage medium (2) divided into a plurality of non-overlapping partitions including a boot partition and at least one general partition, each said partition being divided into a plurality of sectors, the boot
- 15 partition including a boot sector containing code for use by the host computer system to perform operating system boot of the host computer system; non-volatile read-only-memory (ROM) means (4) for storing firmware for controlling operation of the storage device; and volatile random-access-memory (RAM)
- 20 means (5);
  wherein supervising means is incorporated in said storage
  means for operating said intelligent means so as to protect
  information stored in the storage medium (2), said supervising
  means being incorporated at least partly as firmware which is
- 25 stored in said non-volatile ROM means (4), and wherein the storage device further includes:
  - a host executable code segment, stored in said storage means, for allowing user control of the supervising means via the host computer system and for controlling initiation of
- 30 operating system boot in the host computer system; and loader means stored in the storage means and comprising host executable code for loading said code segment to the host computer system and causing the host computer system to execute the loaded code segment;
- 35 and wherein said supervising firmware stored in the ROM means (4) is adapted to intercept any request for said boot sector,

AMENDED SHEET

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issued by the host computer system in use thereof, and to supply said loader means to the host computer system to satisfy the request.

- 5 2. A storage device according to claim 1, wherein the supervising means is provided wholly as firmware which is stored in said non-volatile ROM means (4) on the storage device (1).
- 10 3. A storage device according to claim 1 or claim 2, wherein the intelligent means comprises a micro-controller (7) which runs the supervising firmware stored in the ROM means (4).
- 4. A storage device according to any preceding claim, wherein 15 the supervising means operates said intelligent means (7) so as to allow/restrict/prohibit read/write operations upon the storage medium (2) depending upon whether information to be read from a sector or written to a sector is operating system information or user information, whether the sector is in the 20 boot partition or in a general partition, and whether if the
- partition is a general partition the partition is active or inactive.
- 5. A storage device according to claim 4, wherein the 25 supervising means also ensures that firmware stored on the ROM means (4) of the storage device (1), which includes the supervisor firmware, is also protected in that a user, or a user program operating in the host computer system, does not have access to the ROM means (4) of the storage device itself.
  - 6. A storage device according to any preceding claim, wherein the supervising means is configured so as to cause a warning to be issued to the user should an attempt be made to perform a prohibited read, write or format operation.

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- 7. A storage device according to any preceding claim, wherein at least one of said partitions of the storage device (1) comprises a Write Many Recoverable (WMR) partition wherein, in use, if a write command is issued to overwrite any information 5 stored in the WMR partition the updated information is stored elsewhere on the storage medium (2), and a pointer to the updated information is provided so the updated information can be accessed as required during the remainder of the session, and wherein a system reset causes the pointer to the updated 10 information to be cleared.
- 8. A storage device according to claim 7, wherein the or each said WMR partition has a Sector Relocation Table (SRT) associated therewith which is held in said volatile RAM means 15 (5) of the storage device (1), and each entry in a said SRT is a pointer which defines the address of a range of sectors in the WMR partition that have been updated and an address where the updated information is located, this location being within a dedicated area on the storage medium (2) which is accessed 20 only by the supervisor means.
- 9. A storage device according to any of claims 1 to 6, wherein at least one of said partitions of the storage device (1) comprises a Write Many Recoverable (WMR) partition wherein, in 25 use, if a write command is issued to overwrite any information stored in said at least one WMR partition, prior to undertaking said write command said information is copied and stored elsewhere on the storage medium (2) to be copied back to said WMR partition when required.

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10. A storage device according to any preceding claim, wherein the loader means is configured to load said code segment to a central processing unit (CPU) of the host computer system for execution by the host computer system prior to operating 35 system boot.

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- 11. A storage device according to claim 10, wherein the loader means is provided in said non-volatile ROM means (4) of the storage device (1).
- 5 12. A storage device according to claim 10, wherein said loader means is provided in a reserved area on the storage medium (2), which reserved area is inaccessible to a user or user program.
- 10 13. A storage device according to any of claims 10 to 12, wherein the code segment is provided in said non-volatile ROM means (4) of the storage device.
- 14. A storage device according to any of claims 12 to 14, 15 wherein the code segment is provided in a reserved area of the storage medium (2) which is inaccessible to a user or user program, but is accessible to the supervising means, whereby unauthorised alteration of the code segment is prevented.
- 20 15. A storage device according to any preceding claim, wherein said host executable code segment comprises code for enabling the storage device to be set in either "supervised" mode, in which the supervising means is active, or "unsupervised" mode in which the supervising means is not active.
- 25
- 16. A storage device according to claim 15, wherein said code segment, when executed, provides user prompts which allow a user to select said "supervised" mode, or by entry of a password select said "unsupervised" mode, and the code segment
- 30 is constructed such that, subsequent to mode selection by the user, the code segment transfers a boot program from the boot sector of the storage medium (2) and causes the host computer system to execute said boot program so as to initiate operating system boot in the host computer system.

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- 17. A storage device according to claim 10, wherein said storage device is a hard disk drive and the storage medium comprises at least one disk platter (2), and said loader means is provided in at least one reserved track of said at least 5 one disk platter (2).
  - 18. A storage device according to any of claims 1 to 16, wherein the storage device is a hard disk drive (1).
- 10 19. A storage device according to claim 18, wherein the storage medium comprises at least one disk platter (2).
  - A storage device according to any of claims 1 to 16, wherein the storage device is a solid state storage device.

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- 21. A storage device according to any of claims 1 to 16, wherein the storage device is an optical storage device.
- 22. A computer system incorporating a storage (1) device 20 according to any of claims 1 to 21.
  - 23. A method of controlling access to and modification of information stored on a storage medium (2) of a storage device
  - (1) for incorporation in a host computer system wherein the
- 25 storage device comprises storage means (2, 4, 5) for storing information, intelligent means (7) for controlling the transfer of information to and from the storage means, and interfacing means (6) for interfacing the storage device (1) with the host computer system and via which information may be
- 30 transferred to and from the storage means under the control of said intelligent means, and the storage means comprises: a storage medium (2): non-volatile read-only-memory (ROM) means (4) for storing firmware for controlling operation of the storage device; and volatile random-access-memory (RAM) means
- 35 (5);

the method comprising the steps of:

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dividing the storage medium (2) into a plurality of nonoverlapping partitions including a boot partition and at least one general partition, and dividing each said partition into a plurality of sectors, the boot partition including a boot

- 5 sector containing code for use by the host computer system to perform operating system boot of the host computer system; providing supervising means in said storage means for operating said intelligent means (7) so as to protect information stored in the storage medium (2), said supervising
- 10 means being incorporated at least partly as firmware which is stored in said non-volatile ROM means (4); storing in said storage means a host executable code segment for allowing user control of the supervising means via the host computer system and for controlling initiation of
- 15 operating system boot in the host computer system; storing in the storage means loader means comprising host executable code for loading said code segment to the host computer system and causing the host computer system to execute the loaded code segment;
- 20 said supervising firmware stored in the ROM means (4) being adapted to intercept any request for said boot sector, issued by the host computer system, and to supply said loader means in response to the request; and incorporating the storage device in a host computer system, and running the host
- 25 computer system with the supervising means operating said intelligent means so as to protect information stored in the storage medium.
- 24. A method according to claim 23, wherein said supervising 30 means is provided for allowing/restricting/prohibiting read/write operations upon the storage medium (2) depending upon whether information to be read from a sector or written to a sector is operating system information or user information, whether the sector is in the boot partition or in 35 a general partition, and whether if the partition is a general partition the partition is active or inactive,

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said supervising means being adapted to intercept each interface request from the host computer system to said storage device (1);

and the loader means loads said code segment to a RAM of a 5 central processing unit (CPU) of the host computer system for execution by the host computer system prior to operating system boot.

and the code segment, when executed, initiates a user interface procedure whereby a user may select a protection

- 10 option from a selection of protection options; and whereupon, subsequent to a said selection having been made by the user, said code segment transfers a boot program from the boot sector of the storage medium (2) and causes the host computer system to execute said boot program so as to initiate 15 operating system boot in the host computer system.
- 25. A method according to claim 24, wherein said selection of protection options includes the option, by entering a predetermined password, of setting the storage device in 20 "unsupervised mode" whereby interface requests are not intercepted by the supervising means.
- 26. A method according to claim 25, wherein the selection also includes the option of setting the storage device (1) in 25 "supervised" mode and designating at least one of said partitions a Write Mary Recoverable (WMR) partition wherein, in use, if a write command is issued to overwrite any resident information stored in said at least one WMR partition by updated information, the updated information is written on the 30 storage medium (2) in a location other than where any resident information is stored and a pointer to the updated information
- 35 27. A method according to claim 26, further including storing a Sector Relocation Table (SRT) which contains the pointers

required during the remainder of a session.

is provided so that the updated information can be accessed as

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associated with each said WMR partition in the volatile RAM means (5) of the storage device (1).

28. A method according to claim 25, further including the
5 option of setting the storage device (1) in "supervised" mode
and designating at least one of said partitions a Write Many
Recoverable (WMR) partition wherein, in use, if a write
command is issued to overwrite any information stored said at
least one WMR partition, prior to undertaking said write
10 command said information is copied and stored elsewhere on the
storage medium (2) to be copied back to said WMR partition
when required.

# PCT POOR REQUEST 7 NOV 2000

The undersigned requests that the present international application be processed according to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.

For receiving Office use only					
nternational Application No.					
•					
nternational Filing Date					
Name of receiving Office and "PCT International Application"					

Applicant's or agent's file reference
(if desired) (12 characters maximum) SK/P09165PC

Box No. I TITLE OF INVENTION

202 1100 1	PROTECTED STORAGE DEVICE FOR COMPUTER	SYSTEM
Box No. II	APPLICANT	
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	Vircon Limited	Telephone No.
	Level 2, Saltire Court	
	20 Castle Terrace	Facsimile No.
	Edinburgh, EH1 2ET	racsimile No.
		Teleprinter No.
State (that is,	country) of nationality: UNITED KINGDOM (GB) State (that is, country)	y) of residence: UNITED KINGDOM (GB)
This person i		e United States  America only  the States indicated in the Supplemental Box
Box No. III	FURTHER APPLICANT(S) AND/OR (FURTHER) INVENTOR(S)	
Name and ad The address mu Box is the appl	dress: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. ist include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this icant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below.)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	ROBB, David Shepherd Stewart  22 Lumsden Park	applicant only
	Cupar	x applicant and inventor
	Fife, KY15 5YL	- Processing
•	United Kingdom	inventor only (If this check-box

is marked, do not fill in below.) State (that is, country) of nationality: State (that is, country) of residence: UNITED KINGDOM (GB) **UNITED KINGDOM (GB)** This person is applicant all designated States all designated States except the United States of America the United States of America only the States indicated in the Supplemental Box х for the purposes of: Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicated on a continuation sheet. Box No. IV AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENTATIVE; OR ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE The person identified below is hereby/has been appointed to act on behalf of the applicant(s) before the competent International Authorities as: agent common representative (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country.) Name and address: Telephone No. 0141 221 5767 McCALLUM, William Potter, MacDOUGALL, Donald Carmichael; SZCZUKA, Jan Tymoteusz; NAISMITH, Robert Stewart; HORNER, Facsimile No. Martin Grenville; SHANKS, Andrew; NEWELL, Campbell; KERR, Sheila

Adress for correspondence: Mark this check-box where no agent or common representative is/has been appointed and the

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GLASGOW, G1 3AE, UNITED KINGDOM (GB)

Agnes Fife; MORELAND, David; GODWIN, Edgar James; all of CRUIKSHANK & FAIRWEATHER, 19 ROYAL EXCHANGE SQUARE,

See Notes to the request form

0141 221 7739

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Continuation of Box No. III FURTHER APPLICANTS AND/OR (FURTHER) INVENTORS				
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LEITCH, Victor Andrew Lustas	applicant only			
Carslogie Road Cupar	x applicant and inventor			
Fife, KY15 4HY United Kingdom	inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)			
State (that is, country) of nationality: United Kingdom	State (that is, country) of residence: United Kingdom			
This person is applicant for the purposes of:  all designated all designated the United States	of America only the Supplemental Box			
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the Bax is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residen	full official designation. address indicated in this use is indicated below.) This person is:			
BAILIE, Richard Samuel 28 Ferryfield	applicant only			
Cupar Fife, KY15 5DG	applicant and inventor			
United Kingdom	inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)			
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United Kingdom	State (that is, country) of residence: United Kingdom			
This person is applicant all designated all designated Star for the purposes of:	ttes except of America only the States indicated in the Supplemental Box			
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	applicant only			
	applicant and inventor			
	inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)			
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State (that is, country) of nationality:	State (that is, country) of residence:			
This person is applicant forthe purposes of:  all designated states all designated States				
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residen	full official designation. address indicated in this nce is indicated below.) This person is:			
7,	applicant only			
	applicant and inventor			
	inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)			
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This person is applicant all designated forthe purposes of:				
Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicated on another continuation sheet.				

Sheet No.	3
Sheet No	

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The f	follow	ing designations are hereby made under Rule 4.90	(a) (s	nark tl	ne applicable check-boxes; at least one must be marked):		
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	BR	Brazil		MN	Mongolia		
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Precautionary Designation Statement: In addition to the designations made above, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all other designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designation(s) indicated in the Supplemental Box as being excluded from the scope of this statement. The applicant declares that those additional designations are subject to confirmation and that any designation which is not confirmed before the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit. (Confirmation of a designation consists of the filing of a notice specifying that designation and the payment of the designation and confirmation fees. Confirmation must reach the receiving Office within the 15-month time limit.)

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Box No. VI PRIORITY CI		Further priority claims are indicated in the Supplemental Box.					
Filing date Number of earlier application of earlier application		Where earlier application is:					
of earlier application (day/month/year)	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	national application: country	regional application:* regional Office	international application: receiving Office			
item (1) 09 May 1998	9809885.8	United Kingdom					
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Figure of the drawings which should accompany the abstract		anguage of filing of the ternational application:	English				
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### **PCT**

## **NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION**

(PCT Rule 61.2)

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Date of mailing (day/month/year)

10 December 1999 (10.12.99)

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PCT/GB99/01431

International filing date (day/month/year)

07 May 1999 (07.05.99)

Applicant

ROBB, David, Shepherd, Stewart et al

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1.	The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made:
	X in the demand filed with the International Preliminary Examining Authority on:
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2.	The election X was
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